

Where is mankind headed?

Bazhanov Yevgeny
Bazhanova Natalia

Soon after the end of the Cold War and dissolution of the USSR struggle for global leadership resumed. The victory over communism and American superiority in military and economic might inflated the perception in Washington that the United States was the shining star of the civilized world – the singular superpower with a moral mission to bring freedom and prosperity to other nations. Washington embarked upon the policy of unlimited expansion of the US sphere of influence, up to the creation of a global empire “Pax Americana”. After the 9.11 terrorist attack on American cities the US hegemonistic activities intensified further.

Such activities triggered growing resistance on the part of other leading powers as well as victims of the American hegemonism. At the juncture of the XX-XXI centuries the idea of an anti-American united front began to float. A large and dangerous knot of contradictions and tensions was taking shape in international relations.

Key words: Global Leadership, Overall Potential, Hegemonism, “Pax Americana”, “Core” zone, Unipolar World, United Front.

About the author: BAZHANOV Yevgeny is the Provost for Science and International Relations at the Russian Foreign Ministry’s Diplomatic Academy in Moscow, Professor, Doctor of History, a Distinguished scholar of the Russian Federation.

BAZHANOVA Natalia – Professor, Doctor of Economics.

The Transformation of Political Institutes and social Structures in modern Russia

Yakov Plyays

The modern transformation of the state, parties and the party system of Russia led to changes of the type of interrelations and interactions between the political system and social structures. The civil society is transforming with difficulty from a protodemocratic type into a democratic one.

Key words: Party and Party systems, civil society, electorate system.

About the author: PLYAYS Yakov – Doctor of History, Professor, Head of chair of history and political science of the Finance Academy under the Government of Russian Federation.

Global Imperatives of Handmade Crisis

Vladimir Pavlenko

The new term “Political freemasonry” is brought into use in the final part of the article. So the author exposes the whole of functions and the structure of the global governance’s institutes, which are reflected by the special graphic scheme. Some political

technologies, permitting the substitution of human's rights with minority's rights and the influence of this process on the democratic institutes are considered to be the main discover of the whole investigation. So the present day tendencies and perspectives of the global development, as well as the Russia's internal and external policy, are examined in connection with those factors.

Key words: "Political freemasonry", "Global Elite", global governance, human's rights, minority's rights, Trilateral Commission, Bilderberg Group.

About the author: PAVLENKO Vladimir is a Doctor of Science (Politicalology).

Security of Russia will be sufficient under developing of its economy

Vladimir V. Cherny

For Russia today there are few key questions: how possible to build economy of innovation with the human capital? Is Russia ready for Intellectual revolution going in the world today? Its has an indicator: globalization of democracy and economics, new financial instrumentations and modern social job organization. To get out of the crises for Russia there is only way to develop its economy in accordance with the canons of information society with intellectual resources and small business development.

Key words: economy of innovations, economy of knowledge, economics security, intellectual revolution

About the author: CHERNY Vladimir V. – Dr. Sci, vice-president of the Foundation for the constitutional rights protections of the minorities indigenous people of Russia, member of the Science-Expert Council of the Federation Council of Russia.

The Urgency of the Creation of the Monitoring System of Nonmedical Use of Narcotics in RF

Alexander Kozlov

Pointing out that nonmedical use of narcotics in the conditions of permanent tendency of reduction of Russia's population creates a serious threat to the National Security of Russia, the author motivates the necessity of creating of permanently acting system of monitoring nonmedical use of narcotics to count an exact number of drug-addicted persons and carry out their initial preventive treatment.

Key words: the Strategy of national security, monitoring system of nonmedical use of narcotics, Chemical and toxicological Laboratory, drug addict.

About the author: KOZLOV Alexandr A. – Cand. Sc (Medical), Assistant professor, deputy Chief of Section of the Medical Department of the Federal Service on Narcotics Control, Moscow.

Principles of International Strategy for Prevention of Global Challenges and Threats

Igor Kondratyev

The article contains the analysis of the basis of the international strategy to counteract the global threats and drug trafficking.

Key words: globalization, global threats, narcotraffic.

About the author: KONDRATYEV Igor – Associate External Relations Officer
Co – Financing and Partnership Section.

Politology in the South of Russia: Development Vector

Vasily Ruday

In the article by V.V. Rudoy which is devoted to the 20-th Anniversary of the political science the questions of the state of the political science, development of politology in the system of the humanitarian sciences in the South of Russia, are discussed.

Key words: political science, political regional science, ethnopoltics, management, efficiency.

About the author: RUDAY Vasily V. – rector of North-Caucasus Academy of Public Administration, candidate of economic sciences, assistant professor.

The methodological aspects of the new paradigm of security

Vladimir Makarov

Youri Badaev

In this article the main attention is paid to the need for redistribution of dominance from the security of the state to the human security through the transformation of strategy of passive reaction to effective strategies of preclusiveness and prevention.

Key words: the security of the state, human security, strategy of passive reaction, prevention.

About the author: MAKAROV Vladimir – candidate of military sciences, a professor of the department of social technologies of the RSSU.

BADAEV Youri – postgraduate of the RSSU.

Civilizational sources of Iberian one-nation-states

Kirill Fedorov

Studding the key historical periods (from ancient times to the present), the author discovers the main landmarks of development and formation of national identity of Pyrenean's states.

Key words: Iberian regional identity, Arab expansion, Reconquista, Periphery of the European Region, Formation of Iberian one-nation-states, Iberian nationalism.

About the author: FEDOROV Kirill S. – head of “United Catering” company, graduated from The Moscow State Institute of International Relations of the Russian Federation Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Geostrategic interests of NATO in Azerbaijan

Elnur Mehdiyev

The article deals with development of relations between NATO and Azerbaijan at the end of the XX – beginning of the XXI century. NATO takes an interest in

cooperation with Azerbaijan because of its geographic position and large oil and gas reserves. Azerbaijan, in return, is interested in integration into North Atlantic institutions and security structures. The basis of cooperation between NATO and Azerbaijan is economic, political, intellectual and geopolitical potential of the latter.

The author analyses NATO and Azerbaijan positions on bilateral cooperation, objectives, pursued them, and focuses on the attitude of Russia and Iran toward NATO – zerbaijan cooperation.

Key words: Geopolicy, NATO, GUAM, Caucasus-Caspian region, Nagorno-Karabakh conflict, national interests.

About the author: MEHDIYEV Elnur – post-graduate student, diplomacy chair, faculty of the international relations, Moscow State Institute for International Relations (MGIMO-University) attached to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Middle East: Heavy Legacy for B.Obama

Vavilov Alexander

In the conclusive part of his study Prof. A.I.Vavilov observes the tasks for the new American administration to correct the mistakes of “democratization” and to improve the US image in the Muslim world.

Key words: Guantanamo, terrorism, spoiled image.

About the author: VAVILOV Alexander – Doctor of Sciences (History, Economics), Professor ,speaks Arabic, English, French and German

Collapse of the socialist community

Valery Musatov

M. Gorbachev tried to modernize cooperation with the allies under the slogan of freedom of choice and the end of paternalism, but he failed. His politics focused on the dialogue with the USA. He lost interest in the socialist countries. Rejection of the “Brezhnev doctrine” meant non-interference in the affairs of the region, where democratic revolutions started. Under the influence of these factors and activity of the West the socialist regimes in the Central Europe collapsed and it was followed by disintegration of the Warsaw Pact and COMECON.

Key words: the end of Jalta and Potstdam, Eastern Europe – bargaining, leaving Germany, the cost of hasty decisions, a unipolar world.

About the author: MUSATOV Valery – Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Honoured member of Diplomatic Service of Russia, PhD, Head researcher of Institute of Current International Problems, Diplomatic Academy, Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Russia.